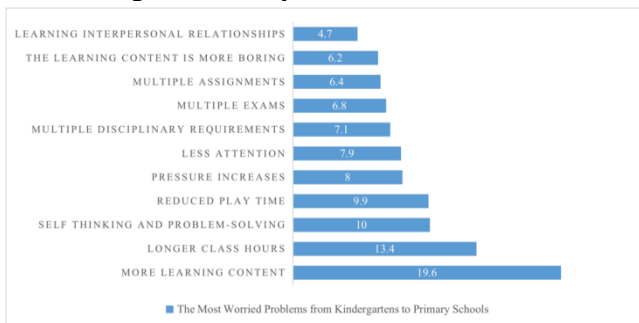


ENSURING ACCESSIBILITY IN THE CONTINUITY OF PRESCHOOL AND PRIMARY EDUCATION

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From kindergarten to primary school, there have been significant changes in learning methods, content, interpersonal relationships, schedule, teacher-student roles, and behavioral norms. For example, kindergarten mainly focuses on "learning through play", learning some basic principles and daily behavioral habits through games. After class extension refers to art related works such as art, dance, singing, etc. that strengthen the practice of fine hand movements or body coordination. Compared to primary school, where classroom teaching is not the main focus, systematic learning, memorization, and application of knowledge points are carried out. Compared to kindergartens, kindergartens not only focus on games but also emphasize interaction between teachers and students, allowing every child to participate and experience the joy of games. In primary schools, the interaction between teachers and pupils has been greatly reduced, and more interaction between teachers and pupils is carried out through problem-solving and Q&A. This may feel a bit "boring" for young children. So the preparation for enrollment from preschool education to primary education is particularly important. However, enrollment preparation is a double-edged sword. Properly prepared, children can transition from kindergarten to primary school very well. Improper preparation can easily lead to kindergarten becoming "elementary".



As can be seen from the table, it is not difficult to see that parents still have many concerns about their children from kindergarten to primary

school, and these concerns are indeed the differences between kindergarten and primary school. Therefore, we need to make appropriate preparations for enrollment to narrow the gap between kindergarten and primary school.

And school readiness does not only exist in schools, but also at home, in the education of parents. The transition from kindergarten to primary school is a two-way journey between kindergarten and primary school. The graduating class of the kindergarten will cooperate with parents to make some adjustments in the direction of learning strategies, and to maximize the role of home education can better adjust children's state to the classroom of primary school. Primary school will also leave enough time for children to adapt at the beginning. So there are pros and cons to enrollment preparation, so how do we define the dual nature of enrollment preparation.

This article summarizes the situation from different aspects through resources collected through newspapers, the internet, and other methods such as literature review, as well as sampling surveys. First, it screens and organizes the corresponding results, and finally summarizes the textual data.

The survey found that most "elementary school oriented" school preparation often leads to children's aversion to learning, making them unhappy and unhappy, and causing blind competition from parents. On the contrary, appropriate school preparation not only promotes orderly growth patterns but also enables children to transition smoothly from early to young. In this case, children are both confident and happy.

In China, in July 2018, the Ministry of Education issued a notice on the implementation of the special governance work of "primary school" in kindergartens, which proposed five major governance tasks: "strictly prohibiting the teaching of primary school curriculum content, correcting the" primary school "education method, improving the" primary school "education environment, solving the problem of unqualified teacher qualifications and abilities, and adhering to zero starting point teaching in primary schools". The content of this notice is to help us clarify the boundaries of enrollment preparation, indicating that the "elementary school" of early childhood education violates the laws of children's growth. The comprehensive preparation from morality, intelligence, physical fitness, beauty, and labor, and the gradual transition from various aspects in life, is the appropriate enrollment preparation. Proper enrollment preparation is the effective means of connecting early childhood and primary school, and is the bridge that children cross between kindergarten and primary school.

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